Planning for a Better Future

Presentation to the Land Matters Advisory Committee



Key Recommendations

- Revisions to the Planning Act

 -Short and medium term
- Provincial Land Use Policies

 -5 Key Areas
- The need for Professional Planners

1 Revisions to the Planning Act

RECOMMENDATIONS

- **✓** At this time, a full-scale review of the Act is not required.
- ✓ Short term Bring forward for consideration, completion and implementation, work that was underway to revise the Act and regulations.
- ✓ Medium Term Review and improve sections not part of work already undertaken.

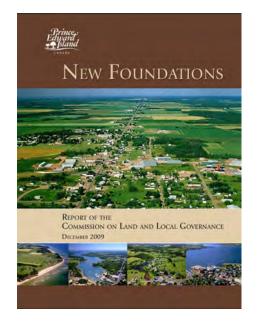


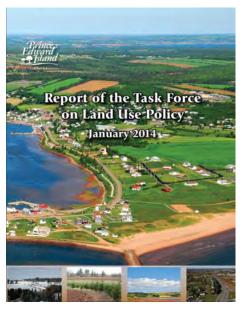
1 Revisions to the Planning Act

Considerable work has been done on:

- Providing new tools for local planning
- Strengthening public processes
- Introducing Provincial Land Use Policies

There is no need to start over







PEI Planning Framework

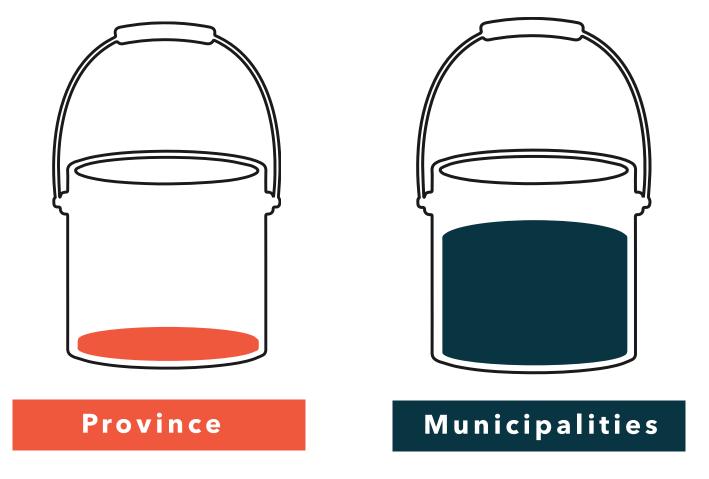
Planning Act

X Provincial Land Use Policies

Area Under Provincial Authority 90% Land Area	Municipalities with Plans 10% Land Area
X Land Use Plans and Policies	Land Use Plans and PoliciesOfficial PlansFuture Land Use Maps
 Implementation Tools Subdivision and Development Regulations 	 Implementation Tools Land Use Bylaws Zoning Maps Development regulations Subdivision regulations Development Cost charges Enforcement
X Public Engagement	 Public Engagement Plan Preparation, Rezonings, Change of Use, Variances



PEI Planning Framework





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Provincial Land Use Policies – 5 Key Areas



RECOMMENDATION

That the Province prepare, adopt and implement provincial land use policies in 5 key areas:

- **✓ Protection of Food Production Lands**
- ✓ Island-wide Settlement Pattern
- **√** Resiliency for Climate Change
- **✓ Protecting Natural Resource Assets**
- **√** Housing



✓ Protection of Food Production Lands

- Important to the provincial economy
- Land base is key to growing the industry
- 30% of food production lands lie within municipalities
- Identify priority lands for protection and continued food production.







✓ Island-wide Settlement Pattern

- Settlements important to Island character
- Cities, towns, villages, rural countryside, urban regions
- Define a role for settlements
- Address how service and infrastructure investment will be allocated







✓ Resiliency for Climate Change

- Reduce the risk to public health and safety
- Protect future development
- Recognize risks posed in areas vulnerable to coastal and inland flooding, coastal erosion, sea level rise
- Flood risk data is available







✓ Protecting Natural Resource Assets

- A healthy economy and society requires a healthy environment
- Recognize the role that groundwater, waterways, wetlands, forests and wildlife habitat contribute to the province.
- Identify these assets and how they are to be protected









√ Housing

- Increased demand for adequate and affordable housing.
- Commit to supporting a range of housing options for the island's population
- Set expectations for how municipal Official Plans determine housing need and address housing supply







What happens in the absence of planning?







Need for Certified Professional Planners

RECOMMENDATION

- ✓ That Province ensure that certified professional planners are engaged in any work with respect to:
 - Changes to the Planning Act and supporting regulations
 - Preparation of provincial land use policies
 - Efforts to support municipalities in planning



Thank You



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Image left, slide 13

Source: Coastal Erosion and Flood Risk Assessment Report, Department of Environment, Energy and Climate Action, Province of Prince Edward Island

Image right, slide 13

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Source: ESRI

